

27.07.2015

ETHANOL 96% SPECIFICATION

TEST	Method	Unit	Specification	Result
Appearance	visual		clear liquid	clear liquid
Color	visual		colorless	Colorless and limpid
Taste			burning	burning
Odor			neutral	neutral
Alcohol content at 20 C	OIML	vol %	min. 96,0	96,6
Aldehydes content as acetaldehyde	EC 625/2003	g/hl p.a.	max. 0,5	<0,1
Acids content as acetic acid	EC 625/2003	g/hl p.a.	max.1,5	0,15
Esters content as ethyl acetate	EC 625/2003	g/hl p.a.	max. 1,3	<0,1
Higher alcohols total as 2-methylpropan-1-ol	EC 625/2003	g/hl	max. 0,5	<0,1
Methyl alcohol	EC 625/2003	g/hl	max. 50	<10
Isopropyl alcohol	OGC/SGS ETOH 0001-10	g/hl		1,30
Benzene	OGC/SGS ETOH 0001-10			Absent
Furfural	OGC/SGS ETOH 0001-10		Not detectable	Not detectable
Saval test	visual		Sustain	Sustain
Crotonaldehydes	OGC/SGS ETOH 0001-10	g/hl		Absent
Hydrocarbons	OGC/2007/SOP-IEH/03			Absent
Permanganate test	EC 625/2003	min/20°C	min. 18	27
Volatile basis containing nitrogen	EC 625/2003	g/hl p.a.	max. 0,1	<0.01
Dry substance	EC 625/2003	g/hl	max. 1,5	0,1
Density	ASTM D 4052	g/ml	Max. 0,8076	0,8039
UV Test Absorbance : 10mm cell	EC 625/2003		With n hexan	
220nm		AU	max 0,30	0,113
230nm		AU	max 0,18	0,059
240nm		AU	max 0,08	0,022
270nm		AU	max 0,02	0,010

p.a.: 100% pure alcohol

Ethanol is agriculture origin and not dangerous for human consumption under the limit.

100% of the Ethanol are originated from molasses of sugarcane. Not produced through dehydration process.

Ethanol corresponds with the REGULATION (EC) No 110/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 15 January 2008 on the definition, description, presentation, labeling and the protection of geographical indications of spirit drinks and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 1576/89.